

## **Cambridge City Council**

Item

To: The Executive Councillor for Finance & Resources:

Councillor Richard Robertson

Report by: Head of Finance (The Council's Section 151 Officer)

Relevant scrutiny Strategy & Resources 03/07/2017

committee: Scrutiny Committee

Wards affected: All Wards

## **ANNUAL TREASURY MANAGEMENT (OUTTURN) REPORT 2016/17**

#### **Key Decision**

#### 1. Executive summary

- 1.1 The Council is required by regulations issued under the Local Government Act 2003, to produce an annual treasury report reviewing treasury management activities and the actual prudential and treasury indicators for each financial year.
- 1.2 This report meets the requirements of both the CIPFA Code of Practice on Treasury Management (the Code) and the CIPFA Prudential Code for Capital Finance in Local Authorities (the Prudential Code) in respect of 2016/17.
- 1.3 During 2016/17 the minimum requirements were that Council should receive:-
  - · An annual strategy in advance of the year;
  - A mid-year treasury update report; and;
  - An annual review following the end of the year describing the activity compared to the strategy (this report)
- 1.4 In line with the above Code of Practice, all treasury management reports have been presented to both Strategy & Resources Scrutiny Committee and to full Council.

#### 2. Recommendations

2.1 The Executive Councillor is asked to recommend this report to Council, which includes the Council's actual Prudential and Treasury Indicators for 2016/17.

#### 3. Background

#### 3.1 This report summarises:

- Capital expenditure and financing activity during the year;
- The impact of capital spending on the Council's 'need to borrow';
- The Council's compliance with prudential & treasury indicators;
- Treasury Management Position as at 31st March 2017 (Appendix A);
- The Council's Treasury Management advisors (Capita Treasury Solutions Ltd) view on UK Interest & Investment rates (Appendix B);
- The actual prudential and treasury indicators (Appendix C);
- Counterparty List (Appendix D); and;
- A Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations (Appendix E)

#### 3.2 The Council's Capital Expenditure and Financing 2016/17

The Council undertakes capital expenditure on long-term assets. These activities may either be:

- Financed immediately through the application of capital or revenue resources (capital receipts, capital grants, developer contributions, revenue contributions, reserves etc.), which has no resultant impact on the Council's borrowing need; or;
- If insufficient financing is available, or a decision is taken not to apply other resources, the funding of capital expenditure will give rise to a borrowing need.

The actual capital expenditure forms one of the required prudential indicators. The table below shows the actual capital expenditure and how this was financed.

|   | 2015/16<br>£'000<br>Actual | 2016/17<br>£'000<br>Current<br>Budget * | 2016/17<br>£'000<br>Actual |
|---|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| General Fund capital expenditure                            | 26,430                     | 44,584                                  | 19,965                     |
| HRA capital expenditure                                     | 32,572                     | 25,487                                  | 22,618                     |
| Total capital expenditure                                   | 59,002                     | 70,071                                  | 42,583                     |
|   |                            |   |                            |
| Resourced by:   |                            |   |                            |
| Capital receipts  | -11,191                    | -4,032                                  | -12,353                    |
| Other contributions   | -43,200                    | -43,825                                 | -25,510                    |
| Total available resources for financing capital expenditure | -54,391                    | -47,857                                 | -37,863                    |
| Un-financed capital expenditure                             | 4,611                      | 22,214                                  | 4,720                      |

<sup>\*</sup> Per Budget Setting Report (BSR) agreed by Council on 23<sup>rd</sup> February 2017

#### 3.3 Loan to Cambridge Housing Company

General Fund capital expenditure for 2016/17 includes a £7,500k loan to Cambridge City Housing Company (CCHC), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Council. This loan has been provided for a fixed term of 3 years to enable CCHC to purchase 23 homes for rental at intermediate market rent.

## 3.4 The Council's overall borrowing need

During 2016/17, there was no requirement for external borrowing. Unfinanced capital expenditure of £4,720k shown in the above table was met from internal cash borrowing. This movement is comprised of the £7,500k loan to CCHC and expenditure on the construction of Clay Farm community centre of £2,506k, less the application of a capital receipt of £5,286k to capital expenditure which was unfinanced as at the end of the previous financial year.

## 3.5 Current Debt as at 31st March 2017

The table below shows the Council's current outstanding debt and headroom (the amount of additional borrowing that is possible without breaching the Authorised Borrowing Limit):-

|   | Principal (£'000) |
|---|-------------------|
| Authorised Borrowing Limit (A) – Agreed by Council on 20 <sup>th</sup> October 2011 | 250,000           |
| HRA Debt Limit (B)  | 230,839           |
| PWLB Borrowing (for HRA Self-Financing, C)  | 213,572           |
| General Fund Headroom (A minus B)   | 19,161            |
| HRA Headroom (B minus C)  | 17,267            |
| 2012/13, 2013/14, 2014/15, 2015/16 and 2016/17                                      |                   |
| External Borrowing  | NIL               |
| Total Current Headroom (A minus C)  | 36,428            |

At present the only debt held by the authority relates to the twenty loans from the PWLB for self-financing the HRA.

#### 3.6 Treasury Position as at 31 March 2017

The Council's debt and deposit position is managed in order to ensure adequate liquidity for revenue and capital activities, security for deposits and to manage risk in relation to all treasury management activities. Procedures and controls to achieve these objectives are well established both through the application of approved Treasury Management Practices and regular reporting to Members.

All funds are internally managed.

The tables below provide a comparison of deposit activity and outturn for 2016/17 against 2015/16.

| Actual<br>Returns                           | 2015                     | 5/2016                    | 2016                  | /2017                  |
|---|--------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Deposit Type                                | Average<br>Deposits (£m) | Average Rate of<br>Return | Average Deposits (£m) | Average Rate of Return |
| Fixed Short-Term<br>(<365 days)             | 70.42                    | 0.83%                     | 50.18                 | 0.64%                  |
| Call/Overnight Accounts                     | 17.96                    | 0.70%                     | 8.74                  | 0.57%                  |
| Enhanced Cash Funds                         | -                        | -                         | 7.47                  | 0.73%                  |
| Fixed Long-Term<br>(>365 days)              | 11.35                    | 1.04%                     | 24.67                 | 0.93%                  |
| Money Market Funds                          | 10.42                    | 0.49%                     | 15.56                 | 0.39%                  |
| CCLA Local<br>Authorities' Property<br>Fund | 10.00                    | 4.75%                     | 11.68                 | 4.84%                  |
| <u>Overall Deposit</u><br><u>Return</u>     | 120.15                   | 1.13%                     | 118.30                | 1.09%                  |
| Benchmark<br>Returns                        | 2015                     | 5/2016                    | 2016                  | /2017                  |
|   | Offer<br>(LIBOR)         | Bid<br>(LIBID)            | Offer<br>(LIBOR)      | Bid<br>(LIBID)         |
| Average                                     | 0.63%                    | 0.51%                     | 0.47%                 | 0.35%                  |

#### Notes:

The 'Benchmark Return' figures are based upon Global Rates (national interest rate reporting web-site) average money market LIBOR and LIBID rates for periods between 1 night and 1 year as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2017.

The Council started using Enhanced Cash Funds during 2016/17 as these offer better rates than money market funds. Enhanced Cash Funds are used for a longer term period, hence the better rates achieved.

- 3.7 Total interest and dividends of £922,000 have been earned on the Council's deposits during 2016/17 at an average rate of 1.09%. This exceeded the budget of £899,000. The rate of return compares favourably with the average benchmark rates.
- 3.8 The Council deposited an additional £5m with the CCLA Local Authorities' Property Fund on 30<sup>th</sup> November 2016 (now totalling £15m). The interest earned for 2016/17 amounted to £546,000

(included in paragraph 3.7) which equated to an annual yield of 4.84%.

3.9 A summary of deposits is shown at Appendix A.

#### 4. Interest Rate Update

- 4.1 Capita Asset Services is the Council's independent treasury advisor. In support of effective forecasting the Council needs to be aware of the potential influence of market interest and investment rates. Capita's opinion is presented at Appendix B, and provides an overview as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2017.
- 4.2 The Bank of England's May 2017 Inflation Report gives additional information on growth, inflation and interest rates. The Bank of England's Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) noted that the outlook for growth remains reasonably solid. No changes to interest rates (0.25%) or quantitative easing (£435bn) were made. Noticeable increases in employment were observed, but the MPC expressed concerns around the possible impact of the EU Referendum.

Growth had also moderated to around 1.5% by the second half of last year. The MPC sets monetary policy to meet the 2% inflation target, which helps to sustain growth and employment. However, CPI Inflation has risen above this target as the depreciation of sterling has begun to feed through to consumer prices.

## 5. Prudential and Treasury Indicators

5.1 During the financial year the Council operated within the 'authorised' and 'operational' borrowing limits contained within the Prudential Indicators set out in the Council's Treasury Management Strategy Statement. The outturn for Prudential and Treasury Indicators is shown in Appendix C.

## 6. Revisions to the Counterparty List

- 6.1 Following a review of rating agency methodology changes, Capita continues to revise its recommendations on counterparties and appropriate durations. The Council follows Capita's recommendations as reflected in the Current Counterparty List at Appendix D.
- 6.2 Fitch Rating Agency has amended its Volatility Rating (VR) Scales for Enhanced Cash Funds to 'S1' 'S6' (formerly 'V1' 'V6'). S1 being the lowest VR risk of loss through market movement. These changes have been reflected within Appendix D. The VR shows the probability of any potential loss amount due to market risk.

- 6.3 **Market risk** is the risk of losses in positions arising from movements in market prices.
- 6.4 For clarity, therefore, this Council will use the following revised ratings (and not below these) when evaluating which Enhanced Cash Fund to invest in:-

Standard & Poor's – AAAf/S1 Fitch – AAA/S1

#### 7. Implications

#### (a) Financial Implications

Interest payable and receivable are reflected in the Council's existing budgets and reviewed appropriately.

#### (b) Staffing Implications

None.

#### (c) Equality & Poverty Implications

No negative impacts identified.

## (d) Environmental Implications

None.

#### (e) Procurement

None.

#### (f) Consultation and communication

None required.

## (g) Community Safety

No community safety implications.

## 8. Background papers

#### 8.1 None.

## 9. Appendices

9.1 Appendix A – The Council's deposits as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2017

Appendix B – Capita's opinion on UK interest rates

Appendix C – Prudential Indicators – Outturn for 2016/17

Appendix D – Current Counterparty List

Appendix E – Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations

#### 10. Inspection of papers

10.1 To inspect the background papers or if you have a query on the report please contact:

Author's Name: Stephen Bevis Author's Tel. No. 01223 - 458153

Author's Email: stephen.bevis@cambridge.gov.uk

## TREASURY MANAGEMENT POSITION AS AT 31st March 2017

#### **CURRENT DEPOSITS**

The Council's deposits as at 31st March 2017 are shown in the table below:-

| Counterparty                                   | % Rate  | Duration   | Principal<br>(£'000) |
|--|---------|------------|----------------------|
| Fixed Term Deposits                            |         |            |                      |
| Bank of Scotland Plc                           | 0.45    | 3 months   | 6,000                |
| Bank of Scotland Plc                           | 0.60    | 6 months   | 2,000                |
| Bank of Scotland Plc                           | 0.60    | 6 months   | 2,000                |
| Bank of Scotland Plc                           | 0.60    | 6 months   | 2,000                |
| Bank of Scotland Plc                           | 0.55    | 6 months   | 3,000                |
| Bank of Scotland Plc                           | 0.45    | 3 months   | 2,000                |
| Bank of Scotland Plc                           | 0.45    | 3 months   | 3,000                |
| Liverpool City Council                         | 0.70    | 2 years    | 5,000                |
| Lloyds Bank Plc                                | 0.55    | 6 months   | 2,500                |
| Lloyds Bank Plc                                | 0.60    | 6 months   | 7,500                |
| Lloyds Bank Plc                                | 0.60    | 6 months   | 5,000                |
| Nottingham City Council                        | 0.31    | 1.5 months | 2,000                |
| Newcastle-upon-Tyne City Council               | 0.95    | 2 years    | 2,000                |
| Newcastle-upon-Tyne City Council               | 0.95    | 2 years    | 4,000                |
| Newport City Council                           | 1.10    | 28 months  | 3,000                |
| Newport City Council                           | 1.00    | 28 months  | 3,000                |
| North Lanarkshire Council                      | 0.95    | 2 years    | 5,000                |
| Rugby Borough Council                          | 0.60    | 2 years    | 5,000                |
| Surrey Heath Borough Council                   | 0.40    | 3 months   | 2,000                |
| West Dunbartonshire Council                    | 0.95    | 2 years    | 5,000                |
| Total Fixed Term Deposits                      |         | ,          | 71,000               |
| 1,000  |         |            | ,                    |
| Variable Rate Notice Accounts                  |         |            |                      |
|  |         | Same Day   |                      |
| Barclays Bank Plc                              | 0.15    | Notice     | 435                  |
|  |         | _          | 4                    |
| CCLA Local Authorities' Property Fund          | 4.58    | 5 years    | 15,000               |
|  |         | Same Day   | 40.000               |
| SLI Sterling Liquidity Fund (Class 2)          | 0.28463 | Notice     | 12,200               |
|  |         | 0          |                      |
| DND Dovikes Instinger Ctarling (Institutional) | 0.00700 | Same Day   | 0.000                |
| BNP Paribas Insticash Sterling (Institutional) | 0.29799 | Notice     | 2,000                |
| Payden Sterling Reserve Fund                   | 0.68239 | 4 Day      | 5,000                |
| Royal London Cash Plus Fund Y (Gross Inc)      | 0.59392 | 3 Day      | 5,000                |
| Total Variable Rate Notice Accounts            |         | ,          | 39,635               |
|  |         |            | ,                    |
| TOTAL  | -       | -          | 110,635              |

The above deposits include any forward-deals or forward-renewals that have been agreed (i.e. where the deposit/renewal will take place at a future date).

# CAPITA'S OPINION ON UK INTEREST & INVESTMENT RATES AS AT 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH 2017

The two major landmark events that had a significant influence on financial markets in the 2016-17 financial year were the UK EU referendum on 23 June and the election of President Trump in the USA on 9 November. The first event had an immediate impact in terms of market expectations of when the first increase in Bank Rate would happen, pushing it back from quarter 3 2018 to quarter 4 2019. At its 4 August meeting, the Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) cut Bank Rate from 0.50% to 0.25% and the Bank of England's Inflation Report produced forecasts warning of a major shock to economic activity in the UK, which would cause economic growth to fall almost to zero in the second half of 2016. The MPC also warned that it would be considering cutting Bank Rate again towards the end of 2016 in order to support growth. In addition, it restarted quantitative easing with purchases of £60bn of gilts and £10bn of corporate bonds, and also introduced the Term Funding Scheme whereby potentially £100bn of cheap financing was made available to banks.

In the second half of 2016, the UK economy confounded the Bank's pessimistic forecasts of August. After a disappointing quarter 1 of only +0.20% GDP growth, the three subsequent quarters of 2016 came in at +0.60%, +0.50% and +0.70% to produce an annual growth for 2016 overall, compared to 2015, of no less than 1.8%, which was very nearly the fastest rate of growth of any of the G7 countries. Needless to say, this meant that the MPC did not cut Bank Rate again after August but, since then, inflation has risen rapidly due to the effects of the sharp devaluation of sterling after the referendum.

#### **Capita's Prediction for Interest Rates**

The following table shows when Capita predict interest rates will rise, together with an estimate of other interest rates. Capita estimate that the Bank Rate will rise from 0.25% to 0.50% in June 2019.

|                | NOW  | Mar-17 | Jun-17 | Sep-17 | Dec-17 | Mar-18 | Jun-18 | Sep-18 | Dec-18 | Mar-19 | Jun-19 | Sep-19 | Dec-19 | Mar-20 |
|----------------|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| BANK RATE      | 0.25 | 0.25   | 0.25   | 0.25   | 0.25   | 0.25   | 0.25   | 0.25   | 0.25   | 0.25   | 0.50   | 0.50   | 0.75   | 0.75   |
| 3 month LIBID  | 0.30 | 0.30   | 0.30   | 0.30   | 0.30   | 0.30   | 0.30   | 0.30   | 0.40   | 0.50   | 0.60   | 0.70   | 0.80   | 0.90   |
| 6 month LIBID  | 0.40 | 0.40   | 0.40   | 0.40   | 0.40   | 0.40   | 0.40   | 0.40   | 0.50   | 0.60   | 0.70   | 0.80   | 0.90   | 1.00   |
| 12 month LIBID | 0.60 | 0.60   | 0.60   | 0.60   | 0.70   | 0.70   | 0.80   | 0.80   | 0.90   | 1.00   | 1.10   | 1.20   | 1.30   | 1.40   |
|                |      |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| 5 yr PWLB      | 1.20 | 1.20   | 1.40   | 1.40   | 1.50   | 1.60   | 1.70   | 1.70   | 1.80   | 1.80   | 1.90   | 1.90   | 2.00   | 2.00   |
| 10 vr PWLB     | 1.90 | 1.90   | 2.00   | 2.10   | 2.20   | 2.30   | 2.30   | 2.40   | 2.40   | 2.50   | 2.50   | 2.60   | 2.80   | 2.70   |

3.00

2.80

3.00

2.80

3.10

2.90

3.10

2.90

3.20

3.00

3.20

3.00

3.30

3.10

3.30

3.10

Capita's Issue Date:- 17<sup>th</sup> May 2017

2.60

2.40

2.70

2.50

2.80

2.60

2.90

2.70

2.90

2.70

2.60

2.40

25 yr PWLB

50 yr PWLB

## PRUDENTIAL & TREASURY MANAGEMENT INDICATORS

|  | Actual 2015/16 £'000 | Current<br>Budget*<br>2016/17<br>£'000 | Actual 2016/17 £'000 |
|--|----------------------|--|----------------------|
| PRUDENTIAL INDICATORS                              |                      |  |                      |
|  |                      |  |                      |
| Capital expenditure                                |                      |  |                      |
| - General Fund                                     | 26,430               | 44,584                                 | 19,965               |
| - HRA  | 32,572               | 25,487                                 | 22,618               |
| Total  | 59,002               | 70,071                                 | 42,583               |
|  |                      |  |                      |
| Capital Financing Requirement (CFR) as at 31 March |                      |  |                      |
| - General Fund                                     | 5,976                | 27,899                                 | 10,697               |
| - HRA  | 214,457              | 214,748                                | 214,321              |
| Total  | 220,433              | 242,647                                | 225,018              |
| Change in the CFR (Note 2)                         | 4,421                | 22,214                                 | 4,585                |
|  |                      |  |                      |
| Deposits at 31 March (Note 3)                      | 96,060               | 95,486                                 | 110,635              |
| External Gross Debt                                | 213,572              | 213,572                                | 213,572              |
|  |                      |  |                      |
| Ratio of financing costs to net                    |                      |  |                      |
| revenue stream                                     |                      |  |                      |
| -General Fund                                      | -3.51%               | -1.28%                                 | -1.82%               |
| -HRA   | 17.03%               | 16.14%                                 | 16.96%               |
| Total  | 13.52%               | 14.86%                                 | 15.14%               |

<sup>\*</sup>Note1: Refers to the Council's Budget Setting Report 2016/17 as agreed by Council on 23<sup>rd</sup> February 2017.

Note 3: As per the Council's Balance Sheet.

Note 2: Includes unfinanced capital expenditure of £4,720k and statutory adjustment for HRA non-dwelling revaluation losses

## PRUDENTIAL & TREASURY MANAGEMENT INDICATORS

|  | Actual 2015/16 £'000 | Current<br>Budget*<br>2016/17<br>£'000 | Actual<br>2016/17<br>£'000 |
|--|----------------------|--|----------------------------|
| TREASURY INDICATORS  |                      |  |                            |
|  |                      |  |                            |
| Authorised limit   |                      |  |                            |
| for borrowing  | 250,000              | 250,000                                | 250,000                    |
| for other long term liabilities  | 0                    | 0                                      | 0                          |
| Total  | 250,000              | 250,000                                | 250,000                    |
| HRA Debt Limit   | 230,839              | 230,839                                | 230,839                    |
| Operational boundary   |                      |  |                            |
| for borrowing  | 220,433              | 242,647                                | 225,018                    |
| for other long term liabilities  | 0                    | 0                                      | 0                          |
| Total  | 220,433              | 242,647                                | 225,018                    |
| Upper limit for total principal sums deposited for over 364 days & up to 5 years | 40,000               | 50,000                                 | 50,000                     |
| Upper limit for fixed & variable interest rate exposure                          |                      |  |                            |
| Net interest on fixed rate   |                      |  |                            |
| borrowing/deposits   | 6,141                | 7,140                                  | 7,062                      |
|  |                      |  |                            |
| Net interest on variable rate  |                      |  |                            |
| borrowing/deposits   | -29                  | -27                                    | -27                        |
| Maturity structure of new fixed  |                      | Upper                                  | Lower                      |
| rate borrowing   |                      | Limit                                  | Limit                      |
| 10 years and above (PWLB   |                      | 4000/                                  | 4000/                      |
| borrowing for HRA Reform)  |                      | 100%                                   | 100%                       |

<sup>\*</sup>Note1: Refers to the Council's Budget Setting Report 2016/17 as agreed by Council on 23<sup>rd</sup> February 2017.

## **Annual Treasury Management (Outturn) Report 2016/17**

## **Current Counterparty List**

The full listing of approved counterparties is shown below, showing the category under which the counterparty has been approved, the appropriate deposit limit and current duration limits. These counterparties have also been shown under Specified and Non-Specified Investments (in line with DCLG Guidance).

| Name   | Council's<br>Current<br>Deposit Period | Category                         | Limit (£) |
|--|--|----------------------------------|-----------|
| Specified Investments:                         | -                                      |                                  |           |
| All UK Local<br>Authorities                    | N/A                                    | Local Authority                  | 20m       |
| All UK Passenger<br>Transport Authorities      | N/A                                    | Passenger<br>Transport Authority | 20m       |
| All UK Police<br>Authorities                   | N/A                                    | Police Authority                 | 20m       |
| All UK Fire Authorities                        | N/A                                    | Fire Authority                   | 20m       |
| Debt Management<br>Account Deposit<br>Facility | N/A                                    | DMADF                            | Unlimited |
| Barclays Bank Plc                              | Using Capita's<br>Credit Criteria      | UK Bank                          | 25m       |
| HSBC Bank Plc                                  | Using Capita's<br>Credit Criteria      | UK Bank                          | 20m       |
| Standard Chartered<br>Bank                     | Using Capita's<br>Credit Criteria      | UK Bank                          | 20m       |
| Bank of Scotland Plc (BoS)                     | Using Capita's<br>Credit Criteria      | UK Bank                          | 20m       |
| Lloyds Bank Plc                                | Using Capita's<br>Credit Criteria      | UK Bank                          | 20m       |
| National Westminster<br>Bank Plc (NWB)         | Using Capita's<br>Credit Criteria      | UK Nationalised<br>Bank          | 20m       |
| Santander UK Plc                               | Using Capita's<br>Credit Criteria      | UK Bank                          | 5m        |
| The Royal Bank of Scotland Plc (RBS)           | Using Capita's<br>Credit Criteria      | UK Nationalised<br>Bank          | 20m       |
| Other UK Banks                                 | Using Capita's<br>Credit Criteria      | UK Banks                         | 20m       |

| Name   | Council's<br>Current<br>Deposit Period                     | Category   | Limit (£)                                  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Members of a Banking<br>Group (RBS Group<br>includes NWB)                | Using Capita's<br>Credit Criteria                          | UK Banks and UK<br>Nationalised Banks                            | 30m  |  |  |  |
| Svenska<br>Handelsbanken   | Using Capita's<br>Credit Criteria                          | Non-UK Bank  | 5m   |  |  |  |
| Enhanced Cash Funds<br>(Standard & Poor's:<br>AAAf/S1, Fitch:<br>AAA/S1) | Over 3 months and up to 1 year                             | Financial<br>Instrument  | 10m<br>(per single<br>counterparty)        |  |  |  |
| Money Market Funds   | Liquid Rolling<br>Balance                                  | Financial<br>Instrument  | 15m (per fund)                             |  |  |  |
| Custodian of Funds   | Requirement for<br>Undertaking<br>Financial<br>Instruments | Fund Managers  | Up to 15m<br>(per single<br>counterparty)  |  |  |  |
| UK Government<br>Treasury Bills  | Up to 6 months   | Up to 6 months  Financial Instrument                             |  |  |  |  |
| Other Specified Invest   | ments - UK Buildi  | ng Societies:-   |  |  |  |  |
| Name   | Council's<br>Current<br>Deposit Period                     | Society Asset<br>Value (£'m) – as at<br>5 <sup>th</sup> May 2017 | Limit (£)                                  |  |  |  |
| Nationwide Building Society  |  | 207,622  | _  |  |  |  |
| Yorkshire Building<br>Society  |  | 45,162   | Assets greater than<br>£100,000m<br>- £20m |  |  |  |
| Coventry Building Society  | 1 month or in  | 37,632   | Assets between                             |  |  |  |
| Skipton Building<br>Society  | line with Capita's Credit Criteria, if longer              | 17,827   | £50,000m and<br>£99,999m                   |  |  |  |
| Leeds Building Society   |  | 16,485   | - £5m                                      |  |  |  |
| Principality Building Society  |  | 8,124  | Assets between £5,000m and                 |  |  |  |
| West Bromwich Building Society   |  | 5,725  | £49,999m - £2m                             |  |  |  |
| Non-Specified Investments:-  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Name   | Council's<br>Current<br>Deposit Period                     | Category   | Limit (£)                                  |  |  |  |
| All UK Local<br>Authorities – longer<br>term limit                       | Over 1 year and up to 5 years                              | Local Authority  | Up to 35m (in total)                       |  |  |  |
| Cambridge City council<br>Housing Working<br>Capital Loan Facility       | Up to 1 year   | Loan   | 200,000                                    |  |  |  |

| Name   | Council's<br>Current<br>Deposit Period | Category                                  | Limit (£)                           |
|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| CCLA Local<br>Authorities' Property<br>Fund                              | Minimum of 5<br>years                  | Pooled UK Property<br>Fund                | Up to 15m                           |
| Certificates of Deposit<br>(with UK Banking<br>Institutions)             | Liquid Rolling<br>Balance              | Financial<br>Instrument                   | 15m<br>(per single<br>counterparty) |
| Certificates of Deposit (with UK Building Societies)                     | Liquid Rolling<br>Balance              | Financial<br>Instrument                   | 2m<br>(per single<br>counterparty)  |
| Certificates of Deposit<br>(with Foreign Banking<br>Institutions)        | Liquid Rolling<br>Balance              | Financial<br>Instrument                   | 2m<br>(per single<br>counterparty)  |
| Commercial Property<br>Investments funded<br>from cash balances          | Over 1 year                            | Commercial<br>Property                    | 20m (in total)                      |
| Enhanced Cash Funds<br>(Standard & Poor's:<br>AAAf/S1, Fitch:<br>AAA/S1) | Over 1 year and up to 5 years          | Financial<br>Instrument                   | 10m<br>(per single<br>counterparty) |
| Municipal Bonds<br>Agency  | N/A                                    | Pooled Financial Instrument Facility      | 50,000                              |
| Supranational Bonds – AAA  | Using Capita's<br>Credit Criteria      | Multi-lateral<br>Development Bank<br>Bond | 15m                                 |
| UK Government Gilts  | Over 1 year & up to 30 Years           | Financial<br>Instrument                   | 15m                                 |

**Note:** In addition to the limits above, the total non-specified items over 1 year will not exceed £50m.

# **Treasury Management – Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations**

| Term                                       | Definition   |
|--|--|
| Authorised Limit for<br>External Borrowing | Represents a control on the maximum level of borrowing   |
| Capital Expenditure                        | Expenditure capitalised in accordance with regulations i.e. material expenditure either by Government Directive or on capital assets, such as land and buildings, owned by the Council (as opposed to revenue expenditure which is on day to day items including employees' pay, premises costs and supplies and services) |
| Capital Financing<br>Requirement           | A measure of the Council's underlying<br>borrowing need i.e. it represents the total<br>historical outstanding capital expenditure which<br>has not been paid for from either revenue or<br>capital resources  |
| Certificates of Deposit (CDs)              | Low risk certificates issued by banks which offer a higher rate of return  |
| CIPFA                                      | Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy  |
| Corporate Bonds                            | Financial instruments issued by corporations   |
| Counter-parties                            | Financial Institutions with which funds may be placed  |
| Credit Risk                                | Risk of borrower defaulting on any type of debt<br>by failing to make payments which it is<br>obligated to do  |
| DCLG                                       | Department for Communities & Local Government  |
| Enhanced Cash Funds                        | Higher yielding funds typically for investments exceeding 3 months   |
| Eurocurrency                               | Currency deposited by national governments or corporations in banks outside of their home market   |
| External Gross Debt                        | Long-term liabilities including Private Finance Initiatives and Finance Leases   |
| HRA  | Housing Revenue Account - a 'ring-fenced' account for local authority housing account where a council acts as landlord   |

| Term                                  | Definition   |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| HRA Self-Financing                    | A new funding regime for the HRA introduced in place of the previous annual subsidy system   |
| London Interbank Offered rate (LIBOR) | A benchmark rate that some of the leading banks charge each other for short-term loans   |
| London Interbank Bid<br>Rate (LIBID)  | The average interest rate which major banks<br>London banks borrow Eurocurrency deposits<br>from other banks   |
| Liquidity                             | A measure of how readily available a deposit is  |
| MPC                                   | Monetary Policy Committee - The Bank of<br>England Committee responsible for setting the<br>UK's bank base rate  |
| Minimum Revenue<br>Provision (MRP)    | Revenue charge to finance the repayment of debt  |
| Non-Specified<br>Investments          | These are investments that do not meet the conditions laid down for Specified Investments and potentially carry additional risk, e.g. lending for periods beyond 1 year  |
| Operational Boundary                  | Limit which external borrowing is not normally expected to exceed  |
| Quantitative Easing (QE)              | A financial mechanism whereby the Central Bank creates money to buy bonds from financial institutions, which reduces interest rates, leaving businesses and individuals to borrow more. This is intended to lead to an increase in spending, creating more jobs and boosting the economy |
| PWLB                                  | Public Works Loans Board - an Executive<br>Government Agency of HM Treasury from<br>which local authorities & other prescribed<br>bodies may borrow at favourable interest rates   |
| Security                              | A measure of the creditworthiness of a counter-party   |
| Specified Investments                 | Those investments identified as offering high security and liquidity. They are also sterling denominated, with maturities up to a maximum of 1 year, meeting the minimum 'high' credit rating criteria where applicable  |
| Supranational Bonds                   | Multi-lateral Development Bank Bond  |
| UK Government Gilts                   | Longer-term Government securities with maturities over 6 months and up to 30 years   |
| UK Government Treasury<br>Bills       | Short-term securities with a maximum maturity of 6 months issued by HM Treasury  |
|                                       |  |

| Term  | Definition                                    |
|-------|---|
| Yield | Interest, or rate of return, on an investment |